to read. There are extensive footnotes and references at the end of each chapter which enable the interested reader to go further if he wishes.

The book would be an invaluable aid to judges or other court attachés, on either an adult or juvenile level, interested in a comprehensive coverage of the field. It would be less useful to the average practicing lawyer because of his infrequent contact with juvenile or adult correctional problems.

Mr. Rubin's book is reasonably priced and would be of definite assistance to an interested judiciary.

JUDGE ROBERT F. UTTER
Court Commissioner
King County Superior Court
State of Washington


This is the third volume in the series; the previous two volumes were also reviewed in this Journal by this reviewer. It is a pleasure to have the opportunity again to call attention to this series as well as to this particular volume.

The author presents an excellent introduction to the book entitled "Why People Read." This is followed by twenty-five "cases" and an Appendix containing one additional "case" with two illustrative solutions.

Law Librarians will find particularly interesting the situations which deal with the problem of censorship. While this problem is most acute in the public library field, it is important to all librarians, not only as librarians but as citizens.

Other cases involving faculty relationships in the matter of selection and acquisition will also be of interest to the law librarian. In general several aspects of administration and management in matters relating to acquisition are presented and will furnish food for thought and serve as a refresher course on the handling of such problems.

HARRY BITNER
Law Library
Yale Law School


Legal Research Institute, Faculty of Law, Ankara University; New York University Faculty Team, Ankara University; Judge Advocate's Office, Joint United States Military Mission for Aid to Turkey; and Belser, William, translators. The Turkish Code of Criminal Procedure. South Hackensack, N.J.: Fred B. Rothman & Co., 1962. Pp. x, 158. $4.95.

These are the third, fourth and fifth of the American Series of Foreign Penal Codes prepared under the auspices of the Comparative Criminal Law Project of New York University Law Center. A somewhat longer analysis of the first two of the series appeared in the May 1961 issue of this Journal. As in the case of the first two, each code is prefaced by an informative outline of the history of the code and its principal features.

Since I make no pretense at being able to read any of the three languages, I can only comment that the translators appear to have good qualifications, and their product gives every appearance of adequacy. English translations of foreign penal codes are a rarity. Apparently this is the first attempt at a complete translation of the Norwegian code. Available translations of the German code are out of date. The Translation of the Turkish Code of Criminal Procedure, an adaptation of the German Code of Criminal Procedure of 1877, should prove a gold mine for those